Patient Debriefs after Adverse Outcome & Birth Equity Training

- ✓ Kansas Data
 - ✓ KBEN
- ✓ MoMMA's Voices presentation
 - ✓ Creating an Action Plan



CHECK IN!

In the chat please type your:

- □ Name
- ☐ Birth Center/Hospital name

Birth Equity

Goals:

Staff receives Birth Equity Training

Patient is included in Postpartum Care Team

Patient values & goals = primary driver of process

Patient is included in debriefs following adverse outcomes



Respectful, Equitable, and Supportive Care — Every Unit/Provider/Team Member

Respectful Care Element	Key Points				
Inclusion of the patient as part of the multidisciplinary care team	 Establishment of trust Informed, bidirectional shared decision-making Development of a comprehensive postpartum care plan Patient values and goals as the primary driver of this process 				

The "WHY" in Kansas



2022 KS Vital Stats

Table C20

Live Births by County of Residence and Peer Group* by Population Group of Mother Kansas, 2022

		Population Group							
County of		White	Black	Native American	Asian/Pacific Islander	Other	Hispanic	П	
Residence	Total	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic†	Any Race	n.s.	
Kansas	34,389	23,569	2,191	165	1,124	949	6,295	96	



Table A3 Selected Vital Events by Population Group Kansas, 2022

Births and Birth Rates								
		White	Black	Native American	Asian/Pacific	Other	Hispanic	
	Total	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic*	Any Race	n.s.
Births	34,389	23,569	2,191	165	1,124	949	6,295	96
Birth Rates [†]	11.7	10.8	12.9	7.2	11.8	11.5	16.4	n/a
Maternal Characteristics								
		Mile	Directo	Number	Asian/Pacific	Other	Managla	
	Total	White	Black	Native American			Hispanic	
Births to mother <18 years of age	Total 405	Non-Hispanic 175	Non-Hispanic 43	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic 4	Non-Hispanic* 17	Any Race 164	n.s. 1
	1.633	800	169	4	17	70		8
Births to mother <20 years of age			319	16	88		565	13
Births to mother with < HS diploma or GED	3,602	1,391	319	16	66	122	1,653	13
Births to unwed mothers	12.374	6.646	1,460	93	179	499	3.457	40
Fourth and higher birth order*	5,241	3,218	497	22	133	147	1,203	21
Birth Outcomes								
Birtii Outcomes				Number				
		White	Black	Native American	Asian/Pacific	Other	Hispanic	
	Total	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic*	Any Race	n.s.
Low birth weight infants	2,705	1,702	317	10	110	78	483	5
(<2500 grams)	2,100	1,102	011				400	
Very low birth weight infants	393	241	56	3	19	8	64	2
(<1500 grams)	-	-	-					
Births with gestational age	3.594	2.365	318	19	134	95	652	11
< 37 weeks								
				Rate				
		White	Black	Native American	Asian/Pacific	Other	Hispanic	
	Total	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic*	Any Race	0.5
Infant deaths [‡]	5.8	4.7	9.1	6.1	5.3	11.6	7.9	n/a
Neonatal deaths ²	3.7	3.1	5.0	6.1	4.4	6.3	4.9	n/a
Postneonatal deaths [‡]	2.1	1.7	4.1	0.0	0.9	5.3	3.0	n/a
Stillbirths ⁵	5.9	5.4	7.7	12.0	4.4	8.4	6.3	n/a
Perinatal ⁹	9.0	8.0	11.8	18.0	8.9	13.6	10.3	n/a
	278							
Pregnancy Characteristics				Mumber				
		White	Black	Number Native American	Asian/Pacific	Other	Hispanic	
	Total			Non-Hispanic				
Births to women with prenatal	Total 27,365	Non-Hispanic 19,180	Non-Hispanic 1,498	Non-Hispanic 113	Non-Hispanic 873	Non-Hispanic* 731	Any Race 4,282	<u>n.s.</u> 58
care in first trimester	21,305	19,160	1,496	113	0/3	731	4,202	96
Care in first trimester Births to women with late	1.821	720	133	12	45	53	545	13
	1,021	120	133	12	45	53	343	13
(3rd trimester) or no prenatal care Plural births	4.000	70.4		2			440	
Total Old S	1,083	784	92	2	26	28	149	2
Deaths and Death Rates								
		White	Black	Native American	Asian/Pacific	Other	Hispanic	
	Total	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic*	Any Race	n.s.

Pregnancy Associated Deaths Kansas, 2016-2020

(Preliminary Data, Subject to Change)

Source: Kansas Maternal Mortality Review Committee



56 deaths per every 100,000 live births occurred in Kansas.

From 2016 to 2020, there were **105 pregnancy-associated deaths**, which translated to a pregnancy-associated mortality ratio (PAMR) of **56 deaths per every 100,000 live births occurred in Kansas.**

Most pregnancy-associated deaths occurred among:



Women with a high school education or less were nearly three times as likely to die within one year of pregnancy as women who had more than a high school education.



Women on Medicaid during pregnancy or for delivery were nearly four times as likely to die within one year of pregnancy as women with private insurance.



Unmarried women were nearly four times as likely to die within one year of pregnancy as married women.

Disparities in pregnancy-associated deaths:



Non-White minority women were **nearly twice** as likely to die within a year of pregnancy as non-Hispanic White women.



Women who did not enter prenatal care during the first trimester were more than twice as likely to die within one year of pregnancy as women who entered prenatal care during the first trimester.



Women who resided in ZIP Codes with the lowest median household income (quartile 1, poorest) were more than twice as likely to die within one year of pregnancy as women who lived in the highest median household income (quartile 4, wealthiest).

Severe Maternal Morbidity

- Severe maternal morbidity rate was highest among women aged 40+ years and lowest for those aged 25-29 years.
- The rate of severe maternal morbidity was **83.5%** higher for non-Hispanic Blacks than for non-Hispanic Whites.
- Compared with other deliveries, those involving severe maternal morbidity were more likely paid by Medicaid and from lower-income communities.

Source: Kansas Department of Health and Environment, Kansas Hospital Discharge Data, Kansas, 2016-2020, (Preliminary Data, Subject To Change).



JAMA: Maternal Mortality & SMM in the United States, 2008-2021 (*In-hospital)

This cross-sectional study examined rates of delivery-related in-hospital maternal mortality and SMM in a large national inpatient database. In this sample encompassing more than 11 million inpatient discharges delivery-related in-hospital mortality was found to decrease significantly over a period of

14 years. The adjusted mortality per 100 000 discharges decreased by more than 50% from Q1 of 2008 to Q4 of 2021, likely demonstrating the impact of national strategies focused on improving the maternal quality of care provided by the hospitals during delivery-related hospitalizations.

In contrast, the rates of overall SMM increased over time for the overall population, which may be

attributable to preexisting conditions and the increasing trend in the age of delivering patients in the past decade. The increasing trend of adjusted SMM rates was seen in all racial and ethnic minority groups and was most prominent in Asian, American Indian, and Pacific Islander patients.

Our goals:

KS Birth Equity Training

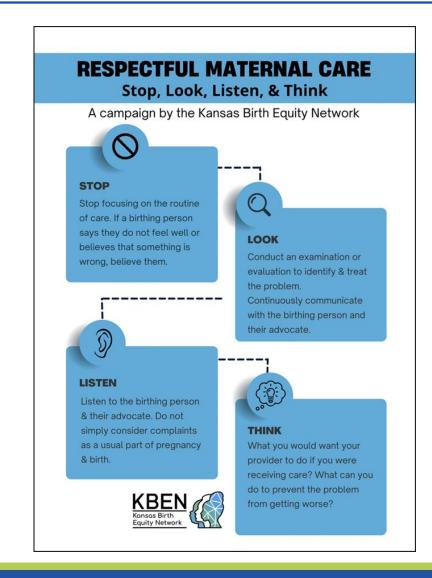
MoMMA's Voices Training



Create a Birth Equity Action Plan for your FTI Site

Creating a Birth Equity Action Plan

- □Patient included in Debriefs
 - ✓ Support persons, too
- □ Equity in OB, ED, NICU...
- □ Team Birth
- □SABs, TOPs, they ALL matter
- ☐ How to have Hard Conversations
- ☐Goals for your Department
- □Put up the KBEN poster!









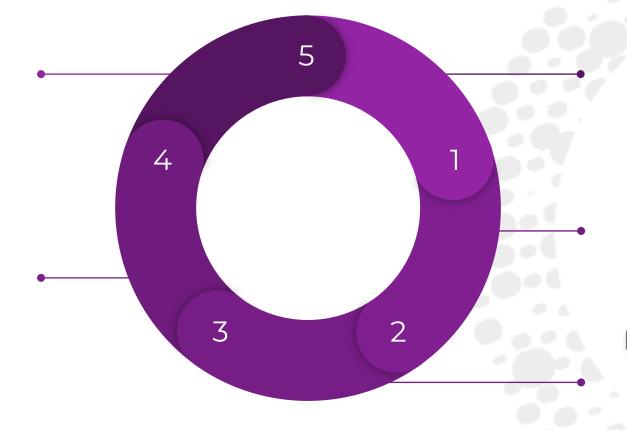
Presented to

Kansas Hospital Teams

Learning Objectives

Identifying an action plan for each hospital to achieve birth equity goals

Understanding the importance of debriefing a patient



Recognize mistrust

Describe the difference in hearing and listening

Identifying the patient voices as the primary prevention in adverse birth outcomes.



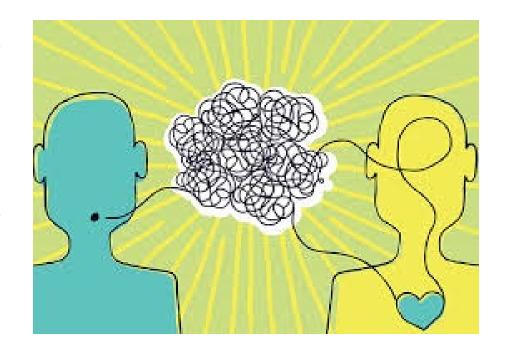


Understanding the Why



Hearing vs. Listening

Hearing vs. Listening



Is there a difference?

Have you ever listened with ½ an ear while doing something else? Listening on a call with kids in the background trying to get your attention, trying to order dinner on the CFA app, while texting a friend. Sound familiar?



Asking Questions to Seek Information and Clarify Understanding

Patients are coming to you and don't always know how to explain it. Your job is to figure out what it is they're saying to you.

Sometimes the message relayed, and the message received are not the same.

Poor Listening Results in misunderstandings – listen attentively!

How are you sure you're understanding what your patients are saying to you?

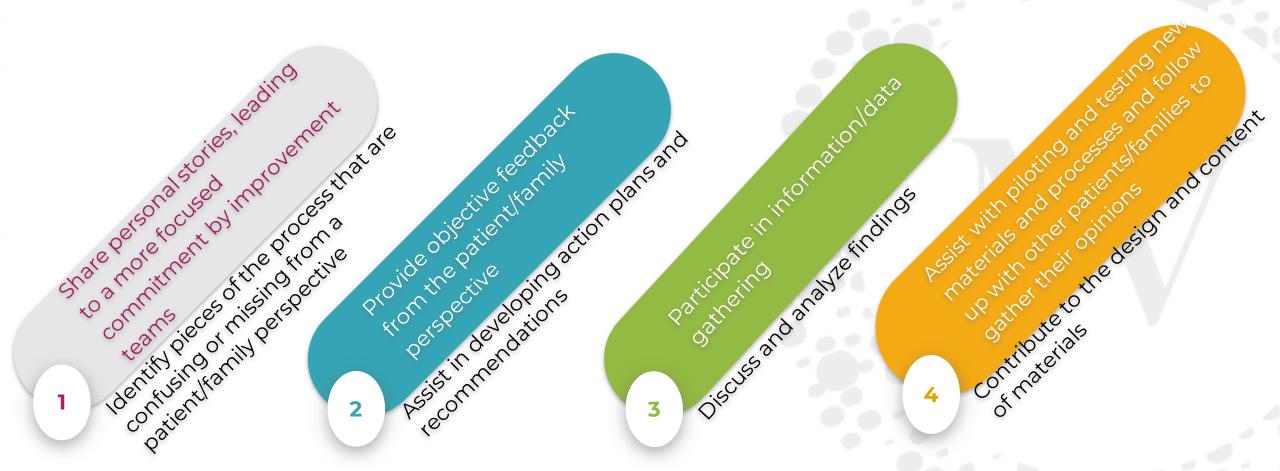
How are you making it clear to your patients what you are saying to them?

You can be a great help to them by asking them questions to help validate their feelings. So often our patients are afraid to share, thinking maybe it's all in their heads

Think about this from the lens of the patient and in your everyday role



How to Incorporate Trained Patients and Family Partners into the Work







Our Patient Family Partners

Terrance Grantham

- B.A., Michigan State, 2016
- Father of 3
- Husband
- Fatherhood work since 2017 in Ingham County



Terrance Grantham - Key Takeaways

- Communicate with patients before, during and after: use easy to understand language
- Relate to your patient
- Listen to families with an open heart: if they say it happened that way, believe that it happened that way
- Educate patients on the consequences of each option and make them a part of the solution

Alana Garrett-Ferguson

- Maternal Health Advocate
- Reproductive Justice Advocate
- Mother to Malachi





Why Debriefing Matters

The Simplicity in Debriefing

The video had to be removed from this slide to reduce the file size for upload. This slide is part of the recorded presentation and is available to watch here: KPQC: Resources: Fourth Trimester Initiative: Other FTI Resources - Birth Equity, MoMMA's Voices



Resource

Navigating Risk Management with CANDOR

Join us for an exciting webinar as we delve into the critical topic of effective communication and resolution programs for patient harm. Eleni Tsigas, CEO of the Preeclampsia Foundation, will be your host as we bring together two esteemed experts, Dr. Thomas Gallagher and Dr. Leslie Carranza.

Discover the groundbreaking CANDOR approach and learn how it was developed, how it can be implemented, and the incredible difference it can make in healthcare. Our speakers will share innovative strategies and propose systemic changes that can not only reduce litigation, but also empower individuals with lived experience to contribute to quality improvement projects.

Don't miss out on this enlightening webinar that will inspire positive change and pave the way for a more inclusive and improved healthcare system.







Actionable Steps

Action Steps





Do you have a patient that can be apart of your next action plan?

Can you have a patient review your surveys to ensure the language is respectful and equitable?

How can you effectively communicate with your patient about what they've experienced?





www.mommasvoices.org Bekah.Bischoff@mommasvoices.org Questions?

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